

Extend **parallel programming** frameworks for the development and execution of advanced and large-scale Cyber-Physical Systems with High-Performance and Real-Time requirements

The Need of New Generation Parallel Programming Models ✓ De facto standard in **HPC** systems ✓ **Parallel and heterogeneous computing** is key to cope with high-performance and real-time ✓ High-level (easy to use) abstraction requirements of new Cyber-Physical Systems

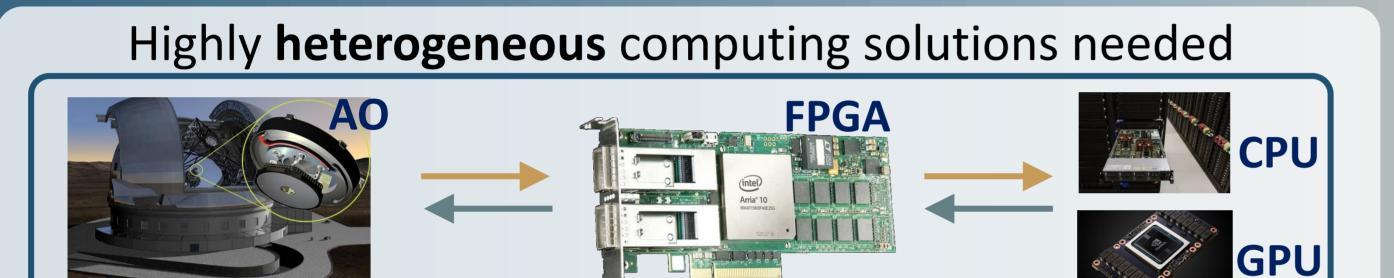
 Productivity as a goal, including programmability, portability, performance and scalability

Parallel programming models are crucial for the development of Cyber-Physical Systems

- Supported by many chip/compiler vendors
- Supports task and data parallelism
- Support for heterogeneous computing by expressing host and device parallelism

Objective: Converging HPC and Real-Time

evolution



- **#1** Enable a versatile and efficient data acquisition platform based on FPGA **#2** Expose data acquisition/transfer
- Enables the timing characterization of the parallel execution ¹
- ✓ Tasking model matches real-time systems²
- How **#1 Interoperability** between parallel programming models (OpenMP, CUDA, etc.)³ **#2** Expose memory model for host to/from

mechanisms in the programming model **#3** Introduce **real-time** oriented features in the programming model

¹ Serrano, et al. "An Analysis of Lazy and Eager Limited Preemption Approaches under **DAG-based Global Fixed Priority Scheduling**.", ISORC 2017.

² Serrano, et al. "Towards an OpenMP Specification for Critical Real-Time Systems.", IWOMP 2018,

accelerator data transfers

#3 Expose tasks execution model for scheduling: periodicity, preemption, migration, allocation⁴

³ Yu, et al., "OpenMP to CUDA Graphs: a Compiler-based Transformation to Enhance the **Programmability of NVIDIA devices**", SCOPES 2020. ⁴ Royuela, et al., "The Cooperative Parallel: A Discussion about run-time schedulers for nested parallelism", IWOMP 2019.

Use Cases: Adaptive Optics and beyond

Adaptive Optics for Extremely la elesco

Characterization of the atmospheric turbulence and mirrors corrections within 1ms and a maximum jitter of 100µs (or less) **Adaptive Beamformir** (Critical Real-Time Emb **Combine signals from multiple** sensors focusing on one direction for applications such as seismology or radio astronomy

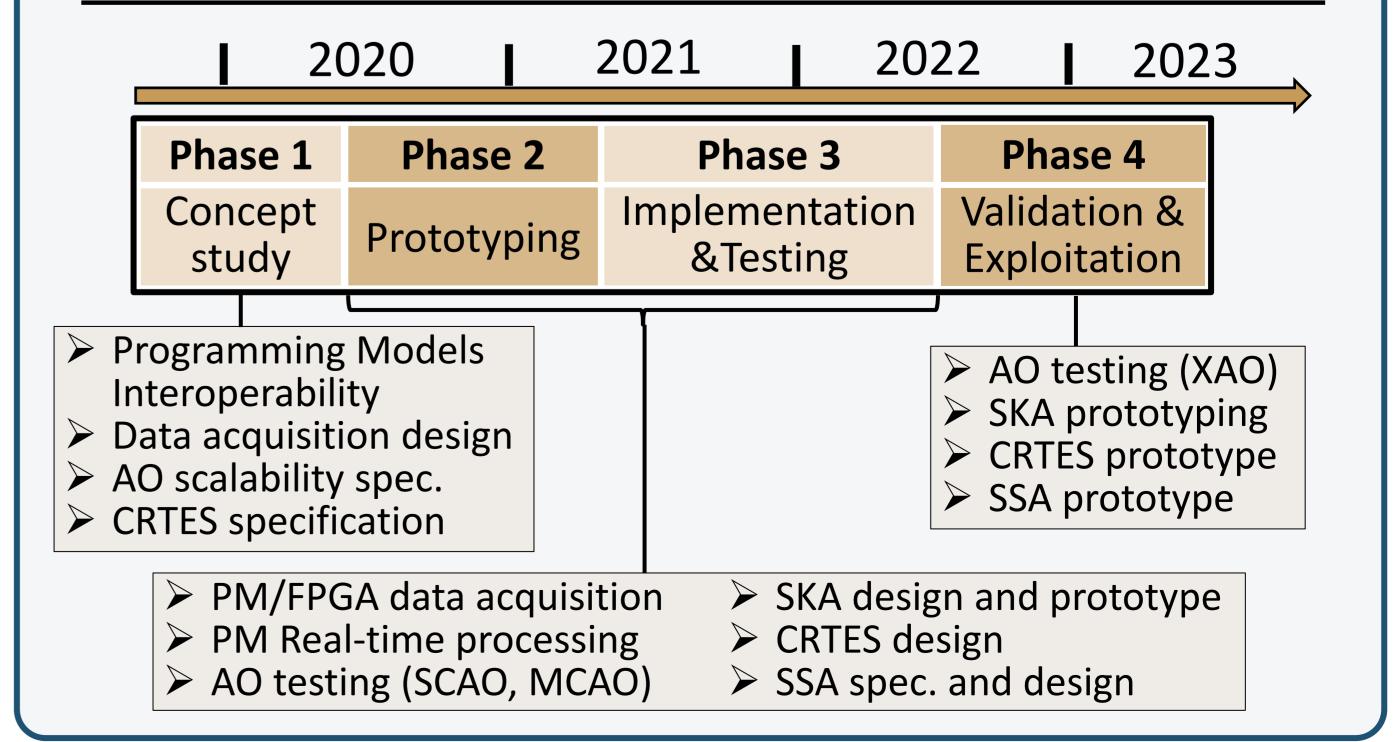
Square Kilometer Array

Regular monitoring of neutron stars by tracking the radio pulses arrival time with a 1ms period and with few tens of ns of accuracy over long periods

Consortium and Roadmap

- 11 partners around the world
- Leader public and private institutions
- Multi-disciplinary experts
- Large mobility scheme: 38 secondments

Antarctica Observing Station ness - SSA) (Space Situation **Real-time assimilation of data** at the Antarctica station to assess the risk of collision of a satellite in operation with space debris



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